

## SUGGESTIONS FOR IMPROVED COMMUNICATION WITH STUDENTS WHO ARE DEAF AND HARD OF HEARING (D/HH)

- 1. Gain the listener's attention before speaking and confirm with eye contact.
- 2. Speak in a clear, natural voice.
- 3. Look directly at the listener when talking. This will allow her/him to speechread your face as well as listen.
- 4. Do not exaggerate lip movements.
- 5. Background noise causes a great deal of difficulty for listeners who are D/HH. Try to reduce or move away from noise sources whenever possible.
- 6. Hearing aids, cochlear implants and bone anchored hearing systems pick up sounds most efficiently at an arm's length away and are less effective at greater distances.
- 7. When you need to repeat a message, it is helpful to rephrase it instead of repeating it verbatim. This gives the listener more clues concerning the gist of your message, especially if there are some sounds in a word that are not audible to them.
- 8. Listening and trying to understand speech when you are D/HH requires greater concentration and can be fatiguing.
- 9. It is often helpful if the listener will repeat critical information (i.e. directions, time, date) for you, to ensure successful exchange of information.